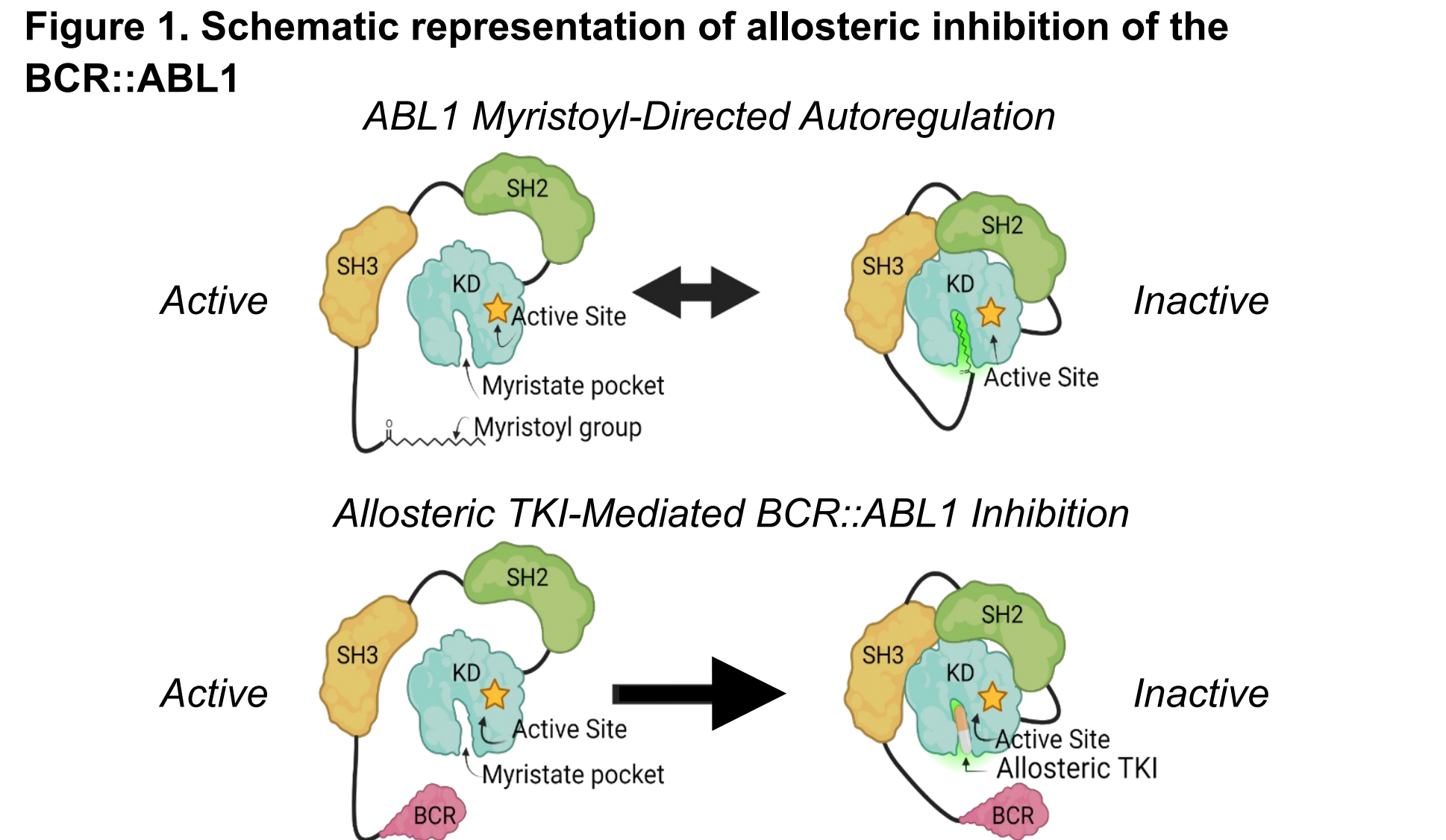




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## INTRODUCTION

Expression of the BCR::ABL1 fusion protein in myeloid cells is a hallmark of chronic myeloid leukemia (CML) (Figure 1).<sup>1,2</sup> Treatment with active site-targeting tyrosine kinase inhibitors has led to improved outcomes in CML, though resistance and intolerance still necessitates therapy switching in up to 50% of those with the disease.<sup>3</sup> TERN-701 is an investigational, next-generation allosteric inhibitor of BCR::ABL1 currently being evaluated for the treatment of CML. It retains potent activity against a wide array of BCR::ABL1 mutations, including the T315I gatekeeper mutation.<sup>4</sup>



## OBJECTIVES

The objective was to characterize the drug-like properties of TERN-701. We assessed TERN-701’s potency against:

- >20 BCR::ABL1 variants
- 450 kinase off-targets
- Panel of >100 cancer cell lines

Finally, the absorption, distribution, metabolism, excretion (ADME), and pharmacokinetics (PK) profile of TERN-701 was characterized.

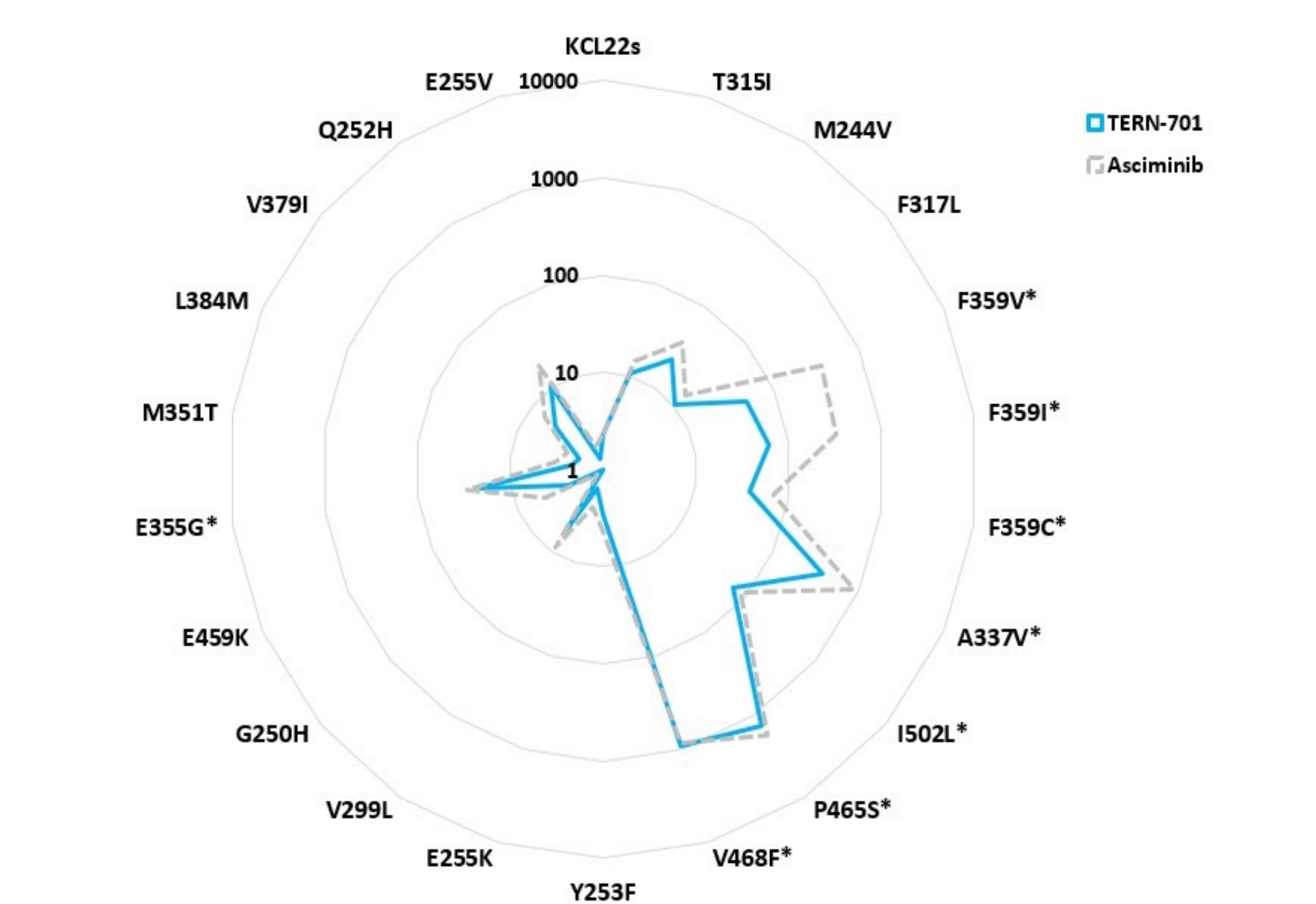
## METHODS

- Potency analyses: Murine Ba/F3 cells were stably transfected with a BCR::ABL1 construct containing specified mutations and subsequently exposed to TERN-701 or asciminib for 72 hours. Cell viability was also assessed.
- Selectivity: TERN-701 was screened against more than 450 kinases in both functional and binding assays
- ADME/DMPK properties were evaluated for clearance, solubility, volume of distribution, oral bioavailability, exposures in multiple pre-clinical species, and efflux potential

## RESULTS: TERN-701 was Highly Potent

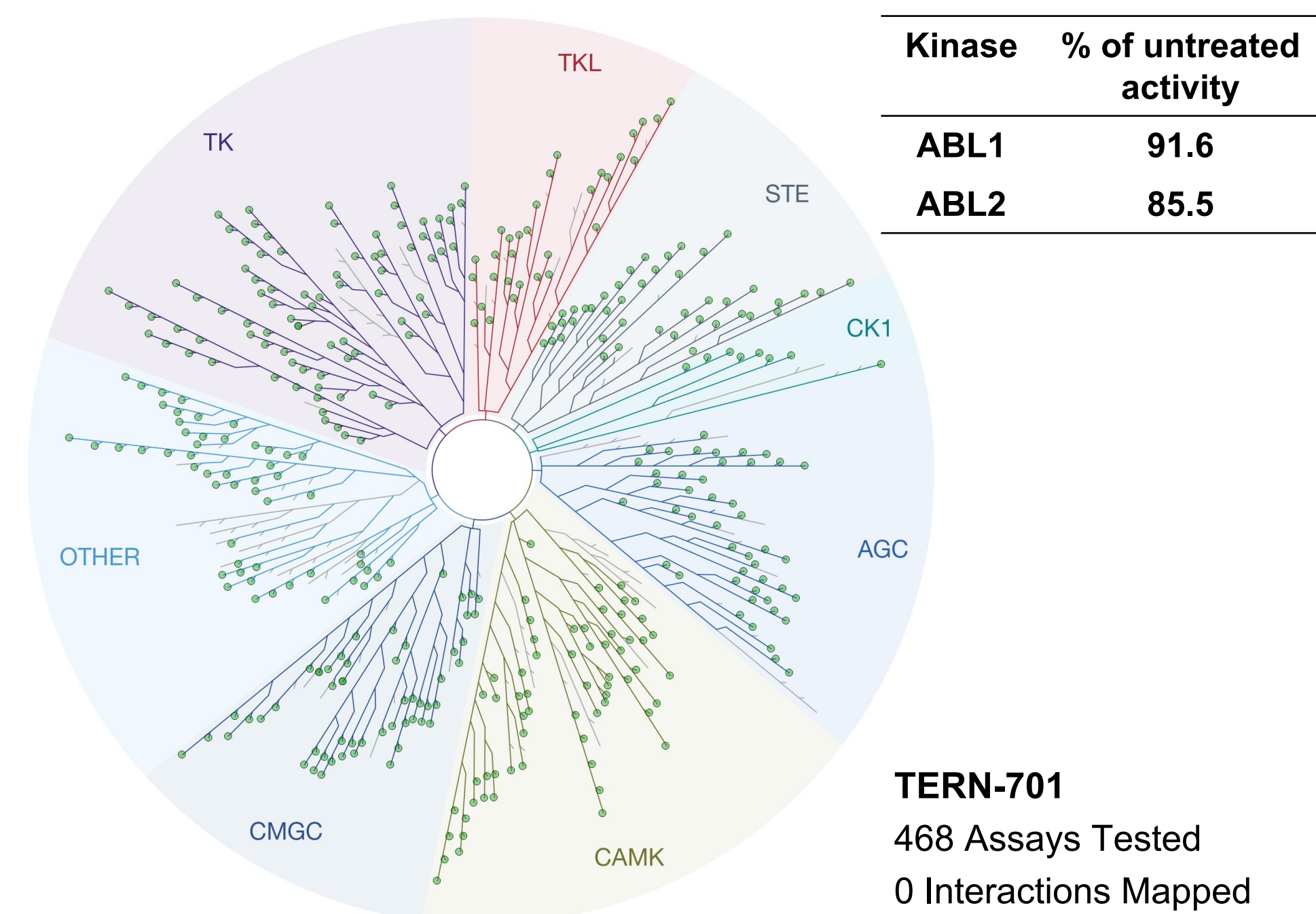
### Mutation Cell-Based Potency (IC<sub>50</sub>, nM)

**Figure 2. Cytotoxic potency of TERN-701 and comparator compound asciminib against specified BCR::ABL1 mutations. Asterisks denote mutations known to confer clinically-relevant resistance to allosteric BCR::ABL1 inhibition.**

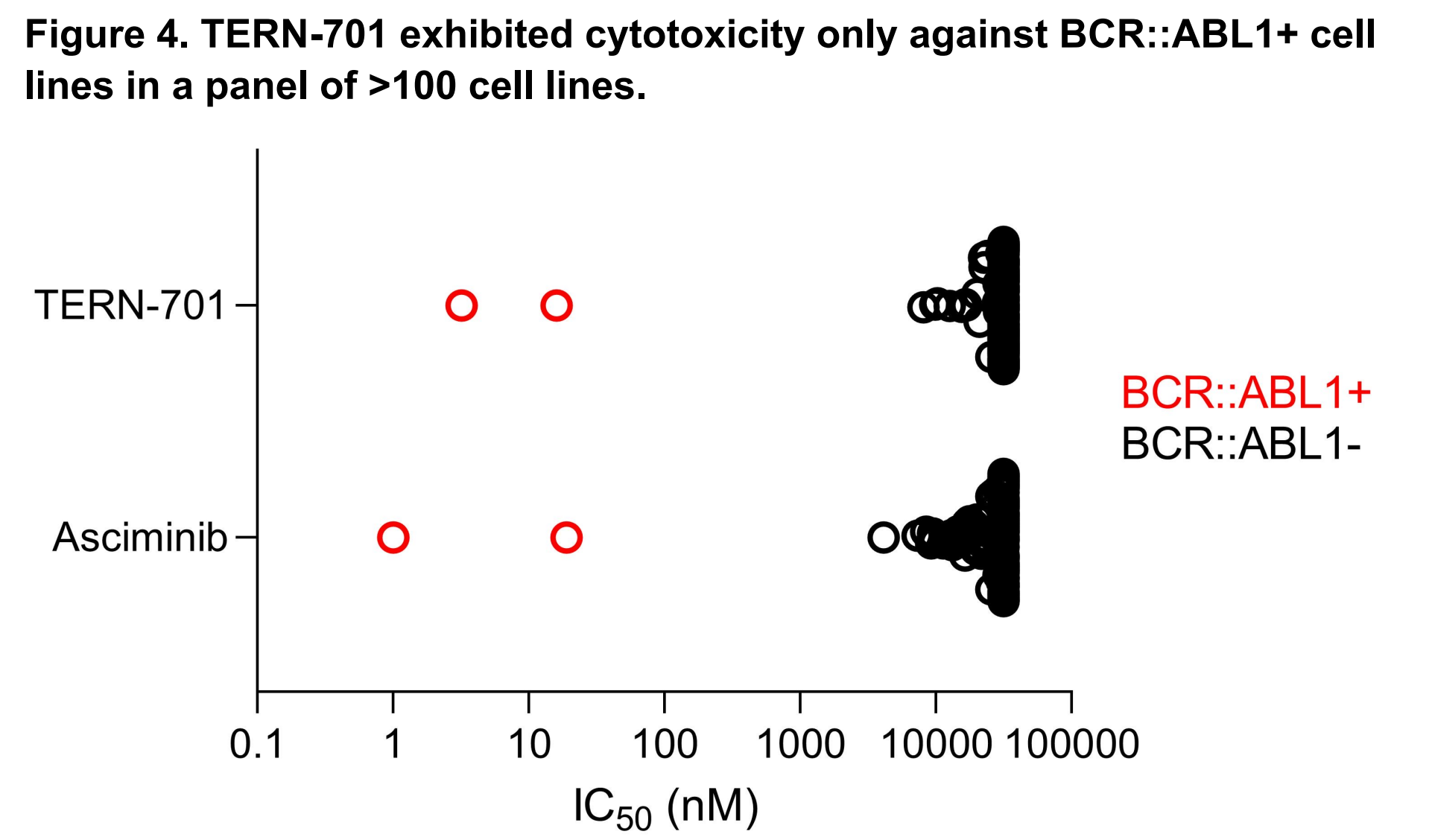


## RESULTS: TERN-701 was Highly Selective

**Figure 3. TERN-701 did not show significant activity against any of >450 kinases tested at 1 µM, including full-length ABL1 and ABL2.**



## RESULTS: TERN-701 was Highly Selective



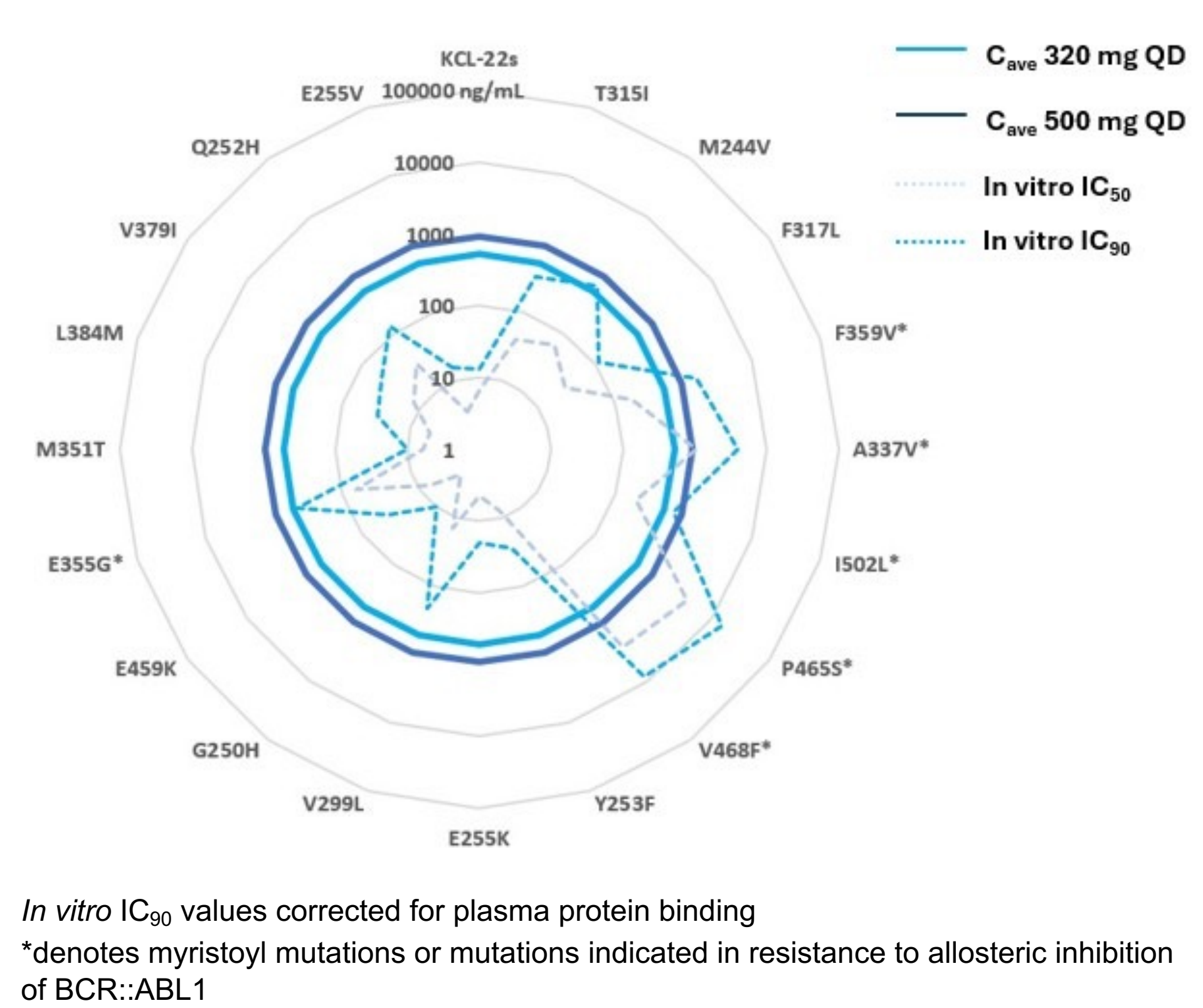
## RESULTS: TERN-701 ADME/PK Properties

**Table 1. TERN-701 demonstrated low-to-moderate clearance, good oral bioavailability and half life, with good solubility & low efflux potential.**

| Parameter                | Rat           | Dog           | Predicted Human |
|--------------------------|---------------|---------------|-----------------|
| CL (mL/min/kg)           | 27.4±2.65     | 5.88±1.93     | 4.7 (2.3-9.3)   |
| Vss (L/kg)               | 3.23±0.25     | 2.04±0.205    | 3.2 (1.6-6.3)   |
| F (%)                    | 72.3±17.2     | 98.4 ± 12.8   | 75 (50-100)     |
| T <sub>max</sub> (hr)    | 0.5 (0.5-0.5) | 0.5 (0.5-0.5) | 1.5 (0.8-3)     |
| T <sub>1/2,po</sub> (hr) | 2.49±0.425    | 8.01±2.63     | 8 (4-16)        |

|       | Test (µM) | Efflux B>A/A>B |
|-------|-----------|----------------|
| Caco2 | 3         | 8.22           |
|       | 10        | 4.41           |
|       | 30        | 2.26           |

**Figure 5. Human Clinical Exposures vs Protein-Corrected Potencies (IC<sub>90</sub>, ng/mL)**



## DISCUSSION/CONCLUSIONS

TERN-701 demonstrated low-nanomolar potency against many clinically relevant resistance mutations, and was, in most cases, more potent than asciminib. Importantly, when corrected for protein binding, clinical dosages of TERN-701 320 mg and 500 mg QD were predicted to provide coverage over the IC<sub>90</sub> of most mutations, including T315I and M244V. TERN-701 also demonstrated selectivity that is comparable to asciminib and superior to active-site TKIs<sup>2</sup>, with no significant activity against >450 kinases and >100 non-BCR::ABL1-expressing cancer cell lines. These data, when combined with the favorable ADME/PK properties, position TERN-701 as a promising therapeutic option for the treatment of CML. TERN-701 is currently being evaluated in the Phase 1 CARDINAL study (NCT06163430), a global dose escalation/dose expansion clinical trial, in patients with previously treated CML.

## REFERENCES

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## DISCLOSURES

- B. Parsons, R. Harish, K. Quinn, C. Jones, and J. Jasper are employees and stockholders of Terns Pharmaceuticals